The Rutherford Star.

"BE SURE YOU ARE RIGHT AND THEN GO AHEAD."—DAVY CROCKET.

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THE

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POETRY.

OUR CHILDHOOD.

'Tis sad, yet sweet, to listen
To the soft winds gentle swell,
And think we hear the music
Our childhood knew so well;
To gaze out on the even
And the boundless fields of air,
And feel again our boyhood's wish
To roam like angels there.

There are many dreams of gladness,
That cling around the past,
And from the tomb of feeling
Old thoughts come thronging fast;
The forms we loved so dearly
In the happy days now gone,
The beautiful and lovely,
So fair to look upon.

Those bright and gentle maidens
Who seemed so formed for bliss,
Too glorious and too heavenly
For such a world as this;
Whose dark, soft eyes seemed swimming
In a sea of liquid light,
And whose locks of gold were streaming
O'er brows so sunny bright.

Whose smiles were like the sunshine
In the spring time of the year—
Like the changeful gleams of April,
They followed every tear!
They have passed—like hopes—away,
And their loveliness has fled;
Oh, many a heart is mourning,
That they are with the dead.

Like the brightest buds of summer,
They have fallen with the stem;
Yet oh! it is a lovely death
To fade from earth like them.

And yet the thought is saddening
To muse on such as they,
And feel that all the beautiful
Are passing fast away!
That the fair ones whom we love
Grow to each loving breast
Like the tendril of the clinging vine,
Then perish where they rest.

And we can think but of these
In the soft and gentle spring,
When the trees are waving o'er us
And the flowers are blossoming;
And we know that winter's coming,
With cold and stormy sky,
And the glorious beauty round us
Is budding but to die!

[GEORGE D. PRENTICE.

SELECTED STORY.

MY HUSBAND'S SECOND WIFE.

My husband came tenderly by my side.

"Are you going out this evening love, ?"

"Of course I am."

I looked down complacently at my dress of pink crape, dewsdropped over with crystal, and the trails of pink scales as that caught up its folds here and there. A diamond bracelet encircled one round, white arm, and a little cross blazed fitfully at my throat. I had never looked better, and I felt a sort of girlish pride as my eye met the fairy reflection in the mirror.

"Come, Gerald, make haste. Why, you havent begun to dress yet.!"

Where were my wifely instincts, that I did not see the haggard downcast look in his features—the fevered light in his eye?

"I can't go to-night, Madeline; I am not well enough."

"You are never 'well enough,' Gerald, to oblige me. I am tired of being put off with such excuses."

He made no answer, but dropped his head in his hands on the table before him.

"Oh, come, Gerald," I urged petulantly; "it is so awkard for me to go alone always!"

He shook his head listlessly.

"I thought perhaps you would be willing to remain at home with me, Madeline."

"Men are selfish," I said plaintively; "and I am all dressed. Claudia took half an hour for my hair. I dare say you'll be a great deal quieter without me—that is if you're determined not to go."

No answer again.

"Well, if you choose to be sullen, I can't help it," I said lightly, as I turned and went out of the room, adjusting my boquet holder, the tuberoses and helitropes seeming to distil incense at every motion.

Was I heartless and cruel? Had I ceased to love my husband? From the bottom of my heart I believe that I loved him as truly and tenderly as ever wife loved a husband; but I had been so petted and spoiled all my brief, selfish life, that the better instincts were, so to speak, entombed alive.

I went to the party and had my fill of adulation and homage, as usual. The hours seemed to glide away, shod with roses and winged with music and perfume; and it was not until, wearied with the dancing, I sought a momentary refuge in a half-lightened tea-room, that I heard words awakening me, as it were, from a dream.

"Gerald Glenn."

I could not well be mistaken in the name; it was scarcely commonplace enough for that. They were talking—two or three business-like looking gentlemen, in the hall without; and I could catch now and then, a fugative word.

"Fine, enterprising young fellow!" "Great pity!" "Totally ruined, so Bees & McMorken say!" "Reckless extravagance of his wife!"

All these vague fragments I heard; and then some one asked, "And what is he going to do?"

"What can he do poor fellow? I am sorry; but he should have counted his income or his expense better."

"Or his wife should. Oh, these women! they are at the bottom of all men's troubles."

And they laughed. Oh, how could they? I had yet to learn how easy it is, in this world to bear other people's troubles.

I rose hurridly, my heart beating tumultuously beneath the pink azaleas, and went back to the lighted saloon. Mr. Albany Moore was waiting to claim my hand for the next dance.

"Are you ill, Mrs. Glen? How pale you look?"

"I—I am not very well. I wish you would have my carriage called for me, Mr. Moore."

For now I felt that home was the proper place for me

Hurried by some unaccountable impulse, I sprang out the moment the carriages wheels touched the curbstone, and rushed up to my husband's room. The door was locked, but I could see a light shining faintly under the threshold. I knocked wildly and persistently.

"Gerald, dear Gerald! for heaven's sake let me in!"

Something fell upon the marble hearthstone within, making a metallic clink, and my husband opened the door a little way. I had never seen him look so pale before, or so rigid, yet so determined.

"Who are you?" he demanded wildly. "Why cannot you leave me in peace?"

"It is I Gerald—your Madeline—your own little wife."

And I caught from his hand the pistol he was trying to conceal in his breast—its mate lay on the hearth under the mantle—and flung it out of the window.

"Gerald, would you have left me?"

"I would have escaped!" he cried, still half delirious, to all appearances. "Debt disgrace, misery—her reproaches! I would have escaped them all!"

His head fell like that of a weary child on my shoulder. I drew him gently to a sofa, and soothed him with a thousand murmured words, a thousand mute caresses; for had it not been all my fault?

And through all the long weeks of fear that followed I nursed him with unwavering care and devotion. I had but one thought—one desire—to redeem myself in his estimation—to prove to him that I was something more and higher than the mere butterfly of fashion I had hitherto shown myself.

Well, the March winds had howled themselves away into their mountain fastnesses; the brilliant April raindrops were dried on bough and spray; and now the apple blossoms were tossing their fragrant billows of pinky bloom in the deep blue air of the latter May.

Where are we now?

It was a picturesque little villa, not far out of Pittsburg, furnished very like a magnificent baby-house. Gerald sat in a cushioned easy-chair in the garden, just where he could glance through the open window at me, working busily with my needle.

"What an industrious fairy it is," he said, smiling sadly.

"Well, you see I like it. It is a great deal better than those sonatas on the piano."

"Who would have thought you would make so notable a housekeeper?"

I laughed gleefully; I had all a child's delight in being praised.

"Are you going to Mrs. Delaney's croquet party?" he asked.

"No; what do I care for croquet parties? I'm going to finish your shirts, and you'll read aloud to me."

"Madeline, I want you to answer me one question"

"What is it?"

"What have you done with your diamond?"

"I sold them, long ago. They paid several heavy bills, besides settling half a years rent here."

"But, Madeline, you were so proud of your diamonds."

"I was once; but now they would be the bitterest reproach my eyes could meet. Oh, Gerald, had I been less vain, and thoughtless, and extravagant"—

I checked myself, and a robin, singing in the perfumed blossoms of an apple tree took up the dropping current of sound.

"That's right, little redbreast." said my husband, half jokingly; "talk her down. She has forgotten that our past is dead and gone, and that we have turned over a new page in the book of existence. Madeline do you know how I feel sometimes, when I look at you?"

"No."

"Well, I feel like a widower who has married again."

My heart gave one little superstitious jump.

"Like a widower who has married again Gerald?"

"Yes; I can remember my first wife—a brilliant, thoughtless child, without any idea beyond the gratification of present whims—a spoiled plaything. Well, that little Madeline has vanished away into the past, somewhere; she has gone away to return to me no more, and, in her stead, I behold my present wife—a thoughtful, tender woman, whose watchful love surrounds me like an atmosphere, and whose character grows more noble, and develops itself into new depths and beauty every day."

I was kneeling at his side now, with my cheek upon his arm, and my eyes looked into his.

"And which do you love best, Gerald—the first or second wife?"

"I think the trials and vicissitudes through which we have passed are welcome, indeed, since they have brought me as their harvests fruit the priceless treasure of my second wife."

That was what Gerald answered me—the sweetest words that ever fell upon my ear.

A DUN.—The editor of the Sweetwater *Forerunner*, who, it appears, like all the rest of the fraternity, is hard up for "spons," thus discourses his delinquent subscribers:

"You have been receiving the *Forerunner* for a year past and we have not got enough in return to buy a pint of goobers. Do you think that is right? If you do and will let us know it, we will promise never to send you another paper. We do not wish to encourage or attempt a cure of such moral obliquity. We expect some of you are "hard up." So are we. There's no use in everybody's being in that fix. Pay your printer's bill and maybe your luck will change. Our will to a dead certainty. You had almost better steal the money to pay for your paper than rob a poor, half starved printer.

Won't you shell out? Until you do, you may expect to be dunned fifty-two times a year, and we seriously contemplate starting a daily so that we can keep you constantly stirred up.

☞ The Fairfield (Iowa) *Ledger* contains the following romance:

"Years ago a Pennsylvania farmer married a charming young girl from his own village. Farmer became angry—stabbed his wife with a butcher-knife. Farmer leaves precipitately for the West.—Wife recovered. After five years marries again. Second husband dies in a year. She leaves for the West. Arrives at Fairview. Stops at a boarding house; meets former husband; years have passed; she did not recognize him, and he knows her not. He loves her; proposes. She accepts; they marry. Not twenty-four hours after the ceremony wife disrobes; an ugly scar; is utterly amazed. Truth dawns upon them—it is the long-lost husband, now a sober wealthy merchant of Fairview."

☞ The census of 1867 shows the negro population of the country to be 4,633,391, of which number 3,884,532 are in the Southern States. The increase of white population is five times greater than that of the negroes.

There were seven hundred and forty fires in New York last year, the losses being estimated at $4,342,371. The number is less by one hundred and thirty three than the previous year, and the loss less by $1,368,629.

A QUARREL.

Nine Years of War Between Husband and Wife.

Almost curious and strange illustration of inherent love of war in the human bosom is given in the history of a man and wife, now living in Maury county, Tenn. within six miles of Columbia. An old couple, who were once happy and enjoyed life as much, perhaps, as it is possible for a married couple to enjoy it, live in the locality above indicated. They own a small property, but have no children, they eat their meals together daily, except when the old man is out hunting, at which time the old lady of the house enjoys her grub in silence. Every evening in the year, except one, they occupy opposite sides of the fire-place, one whiffling tobacco smoke up the chimney and the other chewing snuff and growling to herself. Not a word passes. About ten o'clock they simultaneously rise and go to bed in silence.

The exceptional day to this beautiful, harmonious life, is the 25th of December, commonly called in this Christian country, "Christmas day," when there occurs a regular old-fashioned fight between the silent twain. This is an annual battle, and like other fights, is a contest for the supremacy of an idea. It was inaugurated in this wise:

Nearly ten years ago on Christmas day, in the morning the old man went out hunting for something fat for dinner.—After an absence of about five hours, he returned with an animal of some sort and slinging it on the floor, he triumphantly exclaimed:

"There, there, Betty, is a ground hog for dinner." Betty turned the affair over with the toe of her brogan, gazed intently for two minutes, and then deliberately said:

"Faugh! it's a skunk."

The husband didn't like this expression of opinion on the part of his beloved, but being a mild man, and anxious to [illegible] the long standing good feeling between them he contented himself with a gentle reiteration of his first remark. The lady became firm also, and even indulged in a sort of subdued sneer at the ignorance of her husband. He waxed cross.

"I tell you bet it is a ground hog, and I don't want to be contradicted."

But the lady contradicted. "I tell you it is," and "I tell you it ain't" followed each other with increasing rapidity and virulence, until the storm assumed the shape of blows. The man pinched and the woman scratched, until both became exhausted and had to quit from sheer weariness.

Next day when coolness and reflection superseded heat and passion, both silently regretted the unfortunate difference of opinion, which left the head of the house with half his beard and very little hair, and the lady two eyes of unusual darkness; but they spoke not. Now both were too proud and guilty for that. They remained silent until the whole year had rolled round and Christmas day again came on, while enjoying a cup of thick, black coffee and a greasy corn dodger the wife mildly ventured a remark to the effect that they had been very foolish a year ago to fall out and pound each other about so miserable a thing as a skunk.

"Yes," said the repentant husband, "it was darned wicked of us, and we ought'nt ha' done it, but you forget, Bet, that was a ground-hog and not a skunk."

Bet did not forget; she had no reason to remember, although the black eyes were all gone then, but knew it was a skunk. The husband thought it a shame for her to hold the same opinion still, particularly when she knew it to be a ground hog. She knew it was a skunk—he knew it was a hog. She knew different. The virulence again crept in, words waxed hot and blows followed. The scene of the former Christmas Day was re-enacted to a nicety, and both went to bed exhausted, with blacker eyes in her head and less hair on his. They were repentant and silent next day, and spent the year without speaking; but when the anniversary arrived the same scene was gone through with religious precision, and has been gone through with every Christmas since. The people for miles around have become aware of these annual idiosyncracies in the lonely and peculiar pair, and look forward with much interest to the developments of the coming Christmas. It may be proper to remark, for the sake of perspicuity, that the lady's eyes, from being originally a light gray have become a coaly black from the periodical dying which her considerate husband gives them; and his hair has entirely disappeared, owing to the yearly operations of her long fingers.

There are various opinions entertained as to when the war will end, but the general belief is that the lady will use up the old man in a few more fights.

KU-KLUX.

ARE WE TO HAVE PEACE?

KU-KLUX OUTRAGES IN MIDDLE TENNESSEE.

THEY "SPIRIT" AWAY A NASHVILLE DETECTIVE.

From the Nashville *Banner*, of the 13th inst., we learn that on last Monday night another outrage was committed by Ku Klux in Middle Tennessee. It appears that Captain Barmore, a notable Nashville Defective, who was on the alert to unmask the Ku-Klux of their mysterious terror, whether for the consideration of money or ambition we know not nor do we care, was marked out for a visitation of their Satanic revenge. Having business at Pulaski, to attend as a witness the investigation of the case of a negro, whom he, Captain Barmore, had arrested a few days previous, and having missed the regular train in the morning, was on board the night train, and was snugly ensconsed in the rear car, in profound slumber. At Columbia masked men seized the train, and instituted a vigorous search through the cars until they found the Captain.—Ordering him to get up the desparadoes hurried their victim away. *That was the last seen of Captain Barmore.*

The *Banner* explains his disappearance as the result of his intention to ferret out and expose the Klan. It speaks confidently, so we accept of the excuse.

Now to the people of the North East, and West, let us say, that the Ku-Klux are found only in localities where the rebel element is in the ascendency. Here in our own part of the State, East T[illegible] no such acts as the above would be tolerated, the perpretrators would be speedily brought to grief.

We take occosion to remind the Democratic press of Middle Tennessee of these wholesome truths: That if their columns truthfully represent the state of affairs, then, they should advise immigrants to stay away. If they insert these tales as first-class sensational stories, then, they are doing more to damage the interests of the State abroad than the Ku-Klux themselves; as the mere publication of these hobgoblin tales drive away the more sober, industrious, and thrifty class of immigrants.

A democratic journal remarks that, the present state of affairs and the cause thereof is attributable to the tyrany and despotism of Brownlow's administration.—Now this is perfectly absurd, and unworthy of a brave and honerable opponent.—For instance, upon the same hypothesis, we can infer that the present bad state of affairs owe its origin to the secession of the Southern States from the Federal Government in 1861—that all the wretchedness of man's fall from his exalted position in the Garden of Eden, can be traced to Mother Eve. How much sense or honor is there in such argument? None, we answer. We only use them to illustrate their utter unworthiness.

We are willing that the two partics in Tennessee compare notes. We would be glad if a true record of the violence done to unoffending Republicans by midnight assassins—*i e.* the chivalry and flower of the democratic youth—could be given.

The brave (!) and chivalrous Ku-Klux, the legitimate offspring of Treason, meet their opponents with pistol and bowie knife, (their only effective argument,) in the dark hours of midnight, and ignominiously acting the role of a murderer.

We pause and tremble for the safety of our national liberties, when the laws can be so successfully violated by the very existence of such an Order as the Ku-Klux Klan.

The people or party that uphold and wink at this Order and their horrid crimes are lost to all sense of honor and justice, and only one degree removed from barbarism.

Another fact we present to the disfranchised citizens of this State, not that we presume to dictate, but because we earnestly desire to see the bright era of Peace dawn with undimmed lustre upon our country, in this: a conciliatory party would be of more value than the K.K.K. —*Maryville Republican.*

There are fifty-seven thousand places of worship in this country, but not one hundred persons, on an average, are found in each on the Sabbath.

An Innocent Man Convicted of Murder—Singular Case of Mistaken Identity

The Detroit *Tribune* tells the following curious story of a convict recently pardoned by the Governor of that State:

"The pardoning of Edward Murphy, who had been convicted of murder at Mackinac, from the State prison, and the application made by him to the Legislature for compensation for services during the time of his incarceration, has given rise to some newspaper gossip. The person who committed the murder was known as Patrick Kearney. He committed the deed on November 10th, 1851, on the steamer Globe, and was brought to Detroit on that steamer and placed in jail, two or three days later, too late in the season to be taken back to the scene of the murder to be tried.

"On the night of March 3d, 1862, Kearney in company with eleven others, escaped from the jail. After the jail-breaking had occured, the then sheriff offered a reward of twenty-five dollars for the capture of the escaped prisoner, and this amount was paid for the arrest of Edward Murphy, who was afterwards convicted of the murder, and although innocent, as it now turns out, was sentenced for life to the State prison.

"The arrest of Murphy was effected in this manner: At the time the murder was committed a man named Cummings was pretty badly cut by the criminal.—Cummings afterwards went to Chicago, and became a policeman, or some sort of an officer. Eight years after the crime was committed, Cummings saw a person in that city whom he believed to be the escaped murderer. This man gave his name as Edward Murphy, after being arrested at the instance of Cummings, but so firm did the informer appear to be in his conviction that the prisoner was really the criminal, that the Detroit authorities were notified of the arrest, and Peter Laderoot, who was turnkey at the jail, when the prisoners before alluded to escapee, went to Chicago to identify him. Both Laderoot and Cummings were of the same opinion relative to the man, and upon the strength of their testimony he was taken back to Mackinac and convicted of murder. Murphy on his trial, put in no defense, but protested his innocence to the last. There was certainly a striking resemblance between Murphy and Kearney."

The Penalty of too Much Brain Work!

Dr. PARKER, of New York, delivered a lecture last Sunday evening, in that city, in which he showed the evils preceeding from the transgression of the limits of their physical powers by literary men, &c. He said:

No man can do head work faithfully for more than four or five or six hours. If that time is exceeded, all the phosphorus is carried off, and the man becomes irritable, broken down, and has softening of the brain. I have seen this overwork in lawyers, doctors, clergymen and merchants, who have worked the brain ten hours. They have dropped under the task. You can not violate the law of God with impunity. Sir Walter Scott did a large amount of brain work in the day, but he did overwork himself. In his latter days, however, he become pecuniarily embarassed, and resorted to his literary pursuits to save himself; but he worked too hard and completely broke himself down. One of the best scholars I ever knew broke himself down in his younger days, but he lived on to seventy, though he could only work some four hours a day. After these hours he engaged in vigorous exercises to keep him out of the house as much as possible, and he continued one of the best professors in the country.

THE SURE WAY TO BE POOR—There is a way to be always as poor as poverty; and that way is just as certain as the ebb, flow and flowing of the tide, or the rising and setting of the sun. Ten thousand men and boys, women and girls have tried it, are testing it to-day, and not one of them ever found the way to fail; and the practice never will fail to give poverty enough. And yet people seldom see it. The stupid never do see it. For that very reason the world is full of poor people, who might be independent livers with head and shoulders above want.

Pray tell what it can be! Is it this: To lose one or two days every week doing nothing because you can't get higher wages; to drink two glasses of lager or some other expensive drink every day; to smoke two cigars and keep a worthless dog! That is the most complete recipe for perpetual poverty that any poor person can desire.

Now let us see how tyranically this practice takes the bread and butter right out of a poor man's mouth, and strips a neat warm coat off his back. Figures never lie. One day lost in idleness every week, at a low estimate, would be $1,50 per week, or $78 per year, clean cash. Five cents a glass for two glasses of lager per day would be only $36,50 for three hundred and sixty-five. And five cents each for two cigars per day would be only $36,50 more. Then your big dog's food will cost you as much as to board an ordinary female, say $3 per week, at a very low estimate, which will amount to $156 a year, which sums amount to the startling figures of $207!!! taken right out of a poor man's small earnings! It dont seem possible! But I have added the sums together three times, without any mistake, and it must be correct.—*From Todd's Country Homes.*

A MISSISSIPPI FAMILY FEUD.—A savage, bloody and fatal Vendetta has been going on in the northeastern part of Lafayette county, Mississippi, for the last eight or ten months. It commenced between George Driver and Jas. Smith, who live some five or six miles from the "Mouth of Tippah," near the road leading from Abberville to Pontotoc, about the renewal of a promisory note for $2-500; but, gradually, several other persons were drawn into it, as members or friends of their respective families, until nearly the whole neighborhood, for three or four miles around, was arrayed on one side or the other, in deadly hostility. Up to this time two or three men have been killed, and the "war," it is said, is not over yet. It is certainly one of the most desperate cases of "private war," resembling in some of its features, the old-fashioned "Corsican Vendetta," or the Highland Feud, that we have heard of in this country for a long time. Robert Smith, a son of James Smith, and a brother of one of the "killed," it is reported, is one of the most fearless and determined, if not positively desperate men in the State and his "vows," it is reported, "is still for war," as he feels called on to avenge the death of his brother, who was waylaid and shot by the other party.

An Item for Tree Growers.

Charles Downing says that he witnessed a remarkable change produced on the body of a pear tree by means of wrapping it in straw. The tree was a brown Beurre, grafted about seven feet high, upon a stock which for years had not grown as rapidly as a graft usually does, and presented a decided bulge or swelling at the junction of the graft. This smaller portion was encased in straw about two inches thick, and at the end of two seasons it was found on removing the straw that the heretofore smaller stem had become the full size of the graft above, presenting the full union between graft. This is an item of interest, and many tree growers who have trees with contracted stems, evidence of some natural want of affinity with the graft, may find it a hint for practical use. We have ourselves practiced wrapping the stem of Morello cherries when worked at a height of two or three feet, with the tree growing or sweet varieties, with moss, and thus keep them swelling regularly with the growth of the graft for years, says a grower.—*Boston Cultivator.*

Pruning and Thinning.

This i snow in order everywhere. Notwithstanding the many papers that have been written "on the philosophy of pruning," the naked question, "What is the best time to prune trees?" is one with which the gardener is continually bored. The keen edged gardeners give the cutting reply, "any time when your knife is sharp;" but the more good-natured say, "It depends on what you want to cut for." The street cutter "wants to keep the head low," and "cuts down to make them branch lower;" cutting in winter does not have this effect, so that unless one has some other object to combine with it, such as to clean the tree of bark scales, or the lava of other insects, or the giving of employment to some half-starved tree carpenter, the work might as well be left undone. If you want a branch to push strongly at the point where you cut a part away, *prune in winter.* If your tree has branches crossing each other, or has half dead branches, or anything tending to spoil the form or symmetry of your trees, prune in winter; but as a rule, the less pruning is done the healthier will be your trees, for it may be accepted as a rule in gardening, that all pruning, whether in winter or summer, is a blow struck at the vitality of the plant.—*Gardener's Monthly.*

Parents Take Heed

Some short time ago we were called to visit the death-bed of a young man, who had ruined his constitution by drink. He lay in an upper room of a disreputable house in Greene street, in this city. That fearful disease, delirium tremens, had seized him. In the agonies of death he cursed his indulgent, but now poor, heart-broken mother. Almost the last words that he uttered, with gnashing teeth, were these:—

"My Mother *taught me to drink!*"

That young man was brought up amidst all the comforts of a splendid home on the Avenue; but there were vices in that home. There he was initiated into the vice of drinking; and in a Greene-street brothel he graduated into eternity.

When will parents learn wisdom?—*National Temperence Advocate.*

☞ A negro boy once caught a large sized catfish, and sticking it in the bank, passed up the creek. Another negro coming that way, and having a smaller sized fish on his string, swapped cats.—After a bit Jake returned for his fish, and pulling it out exclaimed: "De great Lord is dis my cat? Yes, here's whar I stuck him; *but ain't he swunk!*"

The Star.

...TER & LOGAN,
... AND PROPRIETORS.

RUTHERFORDTON, N. C.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 30, 1869.

GREAT EXCITEMENT.

The Sweet Smelling Committee Reports.

A Democrat Only Worth Twenty Dollars.

Senator W. M. Robbins.

In the last number of the *Star*, we called upon "Josier," of the *Sentinel*, "to tell us" what had became of Capt. Sweet's Investigating Committee? If they had found any man that had received money for his vote? Who that man was? How much did he get? What was the price of a Democrat, &c., &c.

"Josier" fails to give us the desired information but Capt. Sweet and the Committee have been kind enough to report it, and so we are satisfied. And a report it is; it is a little ahead of anything we have read of in a Coon's age. The only man found by this committee, who had been guilty of this great crime of bribery, was Senator W. M. ROBBINS, of Rowan, a *leading* DEMOCRAT, and he was sold for the sum of *Twenty Dollars*. The author of the bribery resolutions, the *first* and *only* man caught!!

What will Josier do? What will Senator Sweet do? What will poor Mr. Robbins do? And last, what will the people of North Carolina say?

Poor fellows, we are truly sorry for them; but if a DEMOCRAT is only worth *Twenty Dollars*, we can't help it. Will brother "Josier" please lead us in prayer?

Our Railroad.

Below will be found, the bill for the completion of the W. C. & R. Railroad, as it passed the House of Representatives its second reading. The bill in its present shape, is the substitute offered by Mr. French of Wilmington, for the original bill, to divide and separate the Eastern and Western divisions of the W. C. & R. Railroad. We have private information from our friends in Raleigh that the bill as it now stands will certainly pass both branches of the General Assembly.

It will be gratifying intelligence to the many friends of the road to learn that this bill has passed and preparations been made to go to work for its completion. We hope to be able to give them this information in a few weeks, at least the passage of the bill.

We are, we confess, not fully satisfied with the bill in its present shape, we have been treated so unjustly heretofore, by men that had no interest in our end of the road, that it is hard for us to realize the completion of the road as a whole, it can be done and it may be done, but we do not think that it is as safe as if it had been divided, and the friends of each end, been allowed to control it separately. However if the present bill does pass, and is carried out in good faith, we will submit cheerfully, but we promise faithfully, that we will wage war on every man, or set of men, who may have control of this Road, that may show the least injustice to the Western end.

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO AMEND THE CHARTER OF THE WILMINGTON, CHARLOTTE AND RUTHERFORD RAILROAD, TO PROVIDE FOR THE COMPLETION OF SAID ROAD, AND TO SECURE THE STATE A REPRESENTATION IN THE COMPANY.

SECTION 1. *The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact*, That the capital stock of the Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford Railroad Company be increased to the sum of seven millions of dollars, and that, in order to complete the Road, the Public Treasurer of the State is hereby directed, as soon as this amendment shall be accepted by the stockholders in said Company, provided it shall be done within ninety days of the ratification of this act, to subscribe, in behalf of the State, four millions of dollars to the capital stock of said Company, upon the terms and conditions hereinafter provided.

Sec. 2. For the payment of the subscription of said four millions of dollars, directed in the foregoing section, the Public Treasurer shall cause to be made and issued coupon bonds of the State, in sums of one thousand dollars each, bearing interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, and the principal thereof at the end of thirty years: said bonds to be signed by the Governor of the State and countersigned by the Public Treasurer, and sealed with the great seal of the State, and to be delivered to the President of the said Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford Railroad Company, as hereinafter provided.

Sec. 3. That two millions of dollars of the subscription so made, shall be applied exclusively to that portion of said Road which is West of Charlotte, called the Western Division, and two millions of dollars of it shall be exclusively applied to that portion of the Road east of Charlotte, called the Eastern Division.

Sec. 4. That the Directors of said Company, as provided for in the charter, shall be limited to the number of thirteen, of which the Governor of the State shall appoint seven, and the stockholders shall elect six, and upon the acceptation of this act by the stockholders, and the payment of one million of dollars of the bonds of the subscription authorized on the part of the State, there shall, within sixty days after such payment, be a meeting of the stockholders of the Company, and Directors elected and appointed, as herein provided for, and a reorganization of the Company immediately effected who shall conform to the true intent and meaning of the charter of said Company as amended by this act.

Sec. 5. That the acceptance of this act by the stockholders, shall in no wise affect any of the liabilities, contracts or obligations of the said Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford Railroad Company.

Sec. 6. For the purpose of providing for the payment of the interest upon the bonds hereby authorized, and the principal at its maturity, an annual tax of one eighth of one per cent. is hereby imposed upon all the taxable property of the State, which shall be levied, collected and paid into the State Treasury as other public taxes, and the surplus, after paying the interest, shall be invested in securities of the United States or other safe securities, and kept as a sinking fund for the payment of the principal money at maturity.

Sec. 7. That any laws or clauses of laws, conflicting with or repugnant to this act, are hereby repealed.

Sec. 8. That this act shall be in force and take effect from and after its ratification.

We publish in this number of our paper a communication from Raleigh signed MORE ANON, we do so, as we have fears sometimes that everything is not working as it should, and in order to give those assailed a chance to so act that madam rumor will not continue to blame with such appasent truth.—Let the West have a fair chance and we are satisfied, but we shall not submit quietly to the Eastern part taking everything, or ruling that which she gives to the West.

FIAT JUSTITIA rather gets after Abbott and Pool, both Eastern men, and being elected by Western votes and then to use an influence which will no doubt be hurtful to the intrest of the West—we can say that, we are not for sectional feelings being sprung up, but if the West, is to be treated as in days of yore, we shall raise our voices against any man or set of men who do it—give the West justice she asks no more.

Railroads.

From the Standard.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—The General Assembly, now in sesion, has before it many important subjects, but none more so than that of internal improvements. Our good old State having been reconstructed, it is now her duty to pursue such a course of legislation as will enable her people to recover from their losses by the late war, and such a system of internal improvements as will give to all our people convenient facilities for transporting their produce to market, will very near, if not quite, accomplish this object.

Among other Railroad projects now before the General Assembly, awaiting the [illegible] sentatives, (having passed the Senate,) is a bill to divide and separate the eastern and western divisions of the Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford Railroad.—The charter was obtained at the session of 1854-'55, by chaps, 225-'26, by which the capital stock of the divison from Wilmington to Charlotte, and from Charlotte to Rutherfordton, was entirely separate and distinct, and each division, in the main, has been conducted upon the same principle ever since,

A division of the road and the formation of a company over each, will place the control of the same in the hands of those who raised the funds to secure the charter originally, and being directly and immediately concerned therein, will insure their most speedy completion. I wish to call the attention of members of the General Assembly, and the public, which have been obtained from a letter addressed by the Hon. W. C. Kerr, State Geologist, to Judge Logan, and which, by his consent, I send you for publication:

[COPY.]

RALEIGH, Dec. 25, 1868.

JUDGE G. W. LOGAN:

Sir:—In compliance with your request, received this morning, I send the following statement of elevations along the proposed line of Railroad:

	Above Sea Level. Feet.
Crossing of N C. R. R. at Charlotte,	725
Sugar Creek.	763
Summit between Sugar & McCrus branch,	754
McCrus branch,	663
Head Waters of Paw creek,	870
Long Creek,	597
Catawba River,	570
Crossing of Roswell Ferry Road,	893
Hoyls creek,	893
High Shoal Station,	1061
Lincolnton depot,	866
South Fork,	649
Summit between last and Indian creek,	885
Indian creek,	706
Muddy Fork,	820
Buffallo,	762
Summit,	958
Shelby, (opposite C H.)	875
Broad River,	689
Brushy creek,	726
Summit, (next)	943
Sandy Run,	773
Puzzle creek,	840
Summit (next)	97[illegible]
2nd Broad,	82[illegible]
Summit near Rutherfordton,	1117
8½ miles from Reedy Patch Gap,	1398
6½ miles from Reedy Patch Gap,	1618
Reedy Patch Gap (top of Blue Ridge,)	2242
Mouth of Swannanoa river,	1987
Asheville, (C. H.)	2250
Hendersonville,	2170

You will observe that at Reedy Patch Gap, the Blue Ridge is lower than the town of Asheville. In fact this is the lowest part of the whole chain of the Blue Ridge in its course through this State.

A Railroad may easily be carried through this Gap without a tunnel, and it is difficult to see why the main trunk of the railroad system was not located by way of this Gap. Here is another of the mysteries of engineering, with which North Carolina has been so liberally and expensively amused during the past 15 or 20 years. In haste.

Yours respectfully,
W. C. KERR.

The foregoing statements are official, and the following important facts are hown: First, the grade from Charlotte to Lincolnton, 25 miles, is an average of 4 feet per mile; from there to Shelby, 22 miles, only 9 feet in the whole distance; then to Rutherfordton 26 miles, less than 9 feet per mile; then to within 8¾ miles of Reedy Patch Gap, 18 miles, an average of less than 10 feet per mile; then to the Reedy Patch Gap, the summit of Blue Ridge, an average of about 94 feet per mile; then to the town of Asheville, an up grade of 8 feet; and fron. the Reedy Patch Gap to Hendersonville 12 miles, an average of 6 feet per mile.

Second. That the Reedy Patch Gap is the lowest part of the whole chain of the Blue Ridge in its course through North Carolina.

Third. That a railroad can be built over this route *without a tunnel*.

Fourth. That the average grade *over the Reedy Patch Gap is less than grades over which cars are daily running*.

In addition to the above, I will state that the route here described was surveyed by Mr. Gardner, a competent engineer about the year 1858 or '59, and his estimate to build the road over the Reedy Patch Gap from Rutherfordton to the French Broad was $1,600,000 only.

The western division of the road is now completed to Cherryville, 40 miles west of Charlotte, from which point to Rutherfordton, the road bed is at least two-thirds graded, and a good deal of the masonry completed; and moreover a considerable amount of funds heretofore raised by individuals and county subscriptions are awaiting an opportunity to be expended on the road.

It believed that nothing will be more beneficial to our peopel than intercommunication; that nothing willhave a better tendency to ally sectional feelings than uniting the East and West by railways.

And, finally, a wise system of Legislation will effect these great objects at the earliest day possible. Let bygones be bygones, and all pull together for the common good—no East no West, but all live and die together for the good of all.

WEST.

DISTRIBUTION OF BARON ROTHCHILD'S PROPERTY.—The items of Baron Rothchild's will, as they break that gigantic fortune up into fragments, each of which is almost beyond imagination enhance rather than diminish the effect produced by the simple, single statement of the aggregate amount. To his wife, Betty, he leaves forty millions of dollars, besides the chatean Ferriere, whose art galleries are estimated at four millions, and his house in the Rue Lafitte, at Paris; to his second son, Gustavus, he leaves forty millions of dollars; to his third son, Edmund thirty millions; and to his grandson, the child of his deceased son, Solomon, ten millions of dollars. But those are trifling bequests to that with which he endows the heir [illegible] One hundred millions of dollars, clear, is left to Alphonso de Rothchild, his eldest son. Even these legacies do not exhaust the wealth of this modern Croesus, which, though largely in property of fluctuating value, is estimated not to fall far below four hundred millions of dollars. Perhaps no more remarkable illustration was ever given of "the rulling passion strong in death," than Baron Rothchild's advice to his friends, in his last hours, to sell "Lombardy shares short," in view of the effects certain to be produced on the market by the announcement of the death of the man who had kept the purses of half the kings in Europe.

A Short Metre Prayer.

Rev Mr. Derwell, a pious and curious old Methodist Minister, went from Tennessee to Kentucky in 1812 to visit his relative, Hon. William Bolton. The man was not a religions man but was a gentleman, and invited the minister to have family worship every evening. While he was visiting there, Judge Cone and his wife, from Nashville, arrived there to pass the night, and Mr. Bolton, being a little embarassed, said to the old minister as he brought out the bible, "That he had better be short, as the Judge probably was not accustomed to such things." Very well, very well," said he, and reading a single verse, he knelt down and prayed,

"Oh Lord, we are very poor and needy creatures, and we know that thou art able to supply all our wants, but cousin William says that Judge Cone and his wife are not used to family worship. And, however needy we are there is no time to spare in telling Thee our wants. Amen."

The Judge was taken aback, and so was cousin William.

They both pressed the old gentlemen to conduct the service in his own way, which he did, to their great edification,

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TERRIBLE TRAGEDY AT MONROE, WISCONSIN—A GIRL KILLS HER SEDUCER.—A dispatch dated Madison, Wisconsin, January 15, says;

"Intelligence has just been received here of a tragedy in Monroe, Greene county, of which the following are the particulars, obtained from entirely reliable authority; Patrick Crotty, an Irishman, somewhat noted for his exploits among the fair sex, seduced a young serving woman named Angeline Shroyer, some two years since, and a long suit followed about the maintenance of the child. The girl's father proposed, on her behalf, to settled the matter for an indemnity of $300 and the costs of the suit. Crotty had come to the Monroe House where Angeline was working, to make payment and take a receipt in full. Here a dispute occurred, Crotty claiming that the amount should be only $300 in all. Crotty was quite boisterous in his language, frequently going out to stimulate himself with liquor. The girl also slipping out, procured a pistol, and on his approaching her with insulting language, and, some say, with violent gestures, she fired, the ball entering the abdomen and passing entirely through him, lodging near the skin at the back. He uttered an exclamation, hastened to his sleigh, and attempted to drive home, but soon sunk down and died. Crotty had married only a few weeks since, and the controversy has been more fierce since that time.

COMMUNICATION.

For the Star.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—Having a warm feeling for my native State and being desirous that our people should at all times be informed of what is going on at the Capitol, I propose to give you a few items concerning the rumors afloat.

There is considerable feeling manifested by the members of the General Assembly upon the subject of Railroads, and it is manifest, from the votes already taken, that the major part of the present Bills upon that subject will pass.

Strange alliances are daily formed and forming, the Yankees (or Carpet Baggers,) have such a hankering after office they unite with any and everybody and buy and sell like trading on cattle, their power is fast disappearing and ere long they must back completely down. The Old North State has ever stood high in her character for honesty, and when she wakes up properly she will not submit to such disgraceful conduct.—Their course is very seriously injuring the Republican party.

Sectional feelings is running high, though not openly avowed, the Eastern members are pursuing the course of their ancestors by ignoring Western men and measures, and unfortunately for the West there is still some of the members who cannot see the situation in which they are placed. How much better would it be for all to abandon selfishness and work together for the common good.

The President of the Senate gives our party no strength; he seems to know that he lives in the town of Morganton, in the county of Burke; if anything happens to be touched and the name of Burke left out he cries, Oh Burke! oh Burke!! Owing to the contracted views of the Lieut-Governor, there is some feeling manifested on account of his becoming Governor, in case the Governor should receive a Cabinet appointment or Foreign Mission from Gen. Grant.

The Governor himself is not so popular as he has been; it is thought he should exercise more influence in controlling party discresions.

The *Standard* is on the wane, it has too many Editors, and unfortunately all together would not make a good one, there is no head there, it has been suggested to start another paper in its stead.

MORE ANON.

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 23, 1869.

For the Star.

Senators Abbott and Pool.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—The time will come when the places of both the above named gentlemen must be filled. The time of Senator Abbott will expire on the 4th of March, 1871, and that of Senator Pool on the 4th of March, 1873.

Both these gentleman live in the *Eastern* portion of the State, Senator Abbott in *Wilmington*, and Senator Pool in *Bertie*.

The election of each of these gentlemen was secured by *Western* votes. Senator Abbott pretending to be a great friend to the West and thereby beating the old Roman, the farmer of Pedee. In a recent struggle in the General Assembly the friends of Gen. Abbott, no doubt through his instrumentality, went tooth and nail against a darling project of our Western men, who voted with *one* exception and two dodges in a *solid* column for justice to the West. I am proud of these Western men, their name should be handed down to posterity with undying renown.

Senator Pool secured his election by the *old Whigs* of the West, and now his friends pay us back as did Senator Abbott's.

When will the West open her eyes? Let her go to work and instruct her members *now* in the General Assembly, who *dodge* her interest or vote *against* it, to resign, and then send those to fill their places that will stand up like men for her rights.

Avow the doctrine that the West shall have justice and we will get it, or if we don't, we can make a *new State* and then, it not before, the blue mountains will blossom as the rose.

Let the cry be rafter be from mountain top to mountain top, *unite the West*, require every candidate to make *this his motto* and the day is not far distant when we will *be known as a part of North Carolina*.

Hold up to public gaze such men as Malone, of Caldwell, and Ellis of Catawba, the first who seems to know no county but his own, and the second who exhibits a *hatred* to the internal improvements of his State.

FIAT JUSTITIA.

New Advertisements.

Great Distribution by the Metropolitan Gift Co.—Cash Gifts to the amount of $250,000.—Every Ticket Draws a Prize.

5 Cash Gifts, each	$10,000
10	5,000
20	1,000
40 Cash Gifts each	$500
200	100
300	50
50 Elegant Rosewood Pianos each	$300 to $750
75 " " Melodeons "	75 to 150
350 Sewing Machines "	60 to 175
500 Fine Gold Watches "	75 to 300

Cash Prizes, Silver Ware, &c., at $1,000,000.

A chance to draw any of the above Prizes for 25c Tickets describing Prizes are *sealed* in Envelopes and well mixed. On receipt of 25c. a Sealed Ticket is drawn without choice and sent by mail to any address. The prize named upon it will be delivered to the ticket-holder on payment of *One Dollar*. Prizes are immediately sent to any address by express or return mail.

You will know what your Prize is before you pay for it. *Any Prize exchanged for another same value.* No Blanks. Our patrons can depend on fair dealing.

REFERENCES:—We select the following from many who have lately draw Valuable Prizes and kindly permitted us to publish them: S. T. Wilkins, Buffalo, $5,000; Miss Annie Monroe, Chicago, Piano, $650; John D. Moore, Louisville, $1,000; Miss Emma Walworth, Milwaukee, Piano, $500; Rev. E. A. Day, New Orleans $500. We publish no names without permission.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS:—"The firm is reliable, and deserve their success."—*Weekly Tribune, Aug.* 8. "We know them to be a fair dealing firm."—*N. Y. Herald, Aug.* 28. "A friend of ours drew a $500 prize, which was promptly received."—*Daily News, Sept.* 3.

Send for circular. Liberal indocements to Agents. Satisfaction guaranteed. Every package of Sealed Envelopes contain ONE CASH GIFT, Six Tickets for $1; 13 for $2; 35 for $5; 110 for $15. All letters should be addressed to

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jan. 30-1m. [MAA

COMMERCIAL.

RUTHERFORDTON MARKET.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY

JAS. A. MILLER & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, &c.

BACON	15@20
BEEF, nett	4@6
BUTTER	15@25
BEESWAX	25
CANDLES, adamentine	33@40
CASTINGS	8@10
CHEESE	33@40
COFFEE	33
CORN	65@75
COTTON	18@22
" CLOTH	16½@25
" YARN	225
DRIED FRUIT—PEACHES Pealed	9c ₱ lb
Bright " Unpealed	⅓s 4c
"	⅛s 4c
APPLES, Pealed. Bright	4
EGGS	10
FLOUR, per sack	$6@$8
FODDER, per cwt	80@100
FEATHERS	30@40
FLAX CLOTH	25@40
HIDES, dry	16@20
HIDES green	8
IRON	8
JANES, wool	40@75
LARD	15@20
MEAL per bu	85
NAILS	10@12½
OATS, per bushel	50
PEAS	60
POTATOES, Irish	50
POTATOES sweet	50
PORK—gross	8
nett	10
RAGS	3
RICE	16½@20
ROCK ISLAND CASIMERE	75@300
ROPE	30@50
SALT per sack $5.50 per lb	3
SUGAR	16½@25
SPTS TURPENTINE, per gal	2 00
TALLOW	15
TEA, per lb	$2 00@$2 50
WHEAT	1 50@200
WOOL—well washed	50@60

New Advertisement.

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200,000 *Furnished the U. S. Government.*

Army, Navy, Belt, Police and Pocket Revolvers; Repeating and Vest Pocket PISTOLS and RIFLE CANES, using Metalic Cartridge. Breech-loading and Revolving RIFLES.

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Yours most respectfully,
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jan. 30-2t. 706 Broadway, N. Y.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, RUTHERFORD COUNTY.

SUPERIOR COURT OF LAW IN VACATION.

MARY JONES, vs. The Heirs at Law of J. H. JONES. } Petition for Dower

A PETITION HAVING BEEN FILED IN my office, as above, and it appearing that Alexander Shields and wife Huida two of the defendants are non-resident of the State, it is therefore ordered that publication be made in the *Star* a weekly newspaper published in the town of Rutherfordton for six weeks notifying said defendants to be and appear at the next term of said Court to be held for the County of Rutherford at the Court House in Rutherfordton, on the 3d Monday in March next, to show cause why said petition shall not be granted, or this case will be heard *exparte* as to them.

Witness, J. B. CARPENTER Clerk of said Court at office in Rutherfordton, 3rd Monday in September, A. D. 1868—this Jan'y 23rd, 1869.

J. B. CARPENTER, S. C. C'k'
jan. 30-6t.

GINGER SNAPS—A COLLECTION OF TWO THOUSAND SCINTILLATIONS OF WIT.—The material gathered and the whole batch baked by Jo Cose.

This new book contains the merriest thoughts of the merriest men—short, crispy, pungent—all selected with care so that they may be read by men and women, boys and girls, at any time and women, boys and girls, at any time and place—It is a book for farmers at their firesides in Winter; for folks at home; travellers in cars and steamboats; rambles at the seaside and in the woods. Take it up at any time and you will find something you have never seen before that will make you shake with honest laughter. Price, in fancy paper, illustrated cover, red edge, only 50 cents; in board, illustrated cover, 75 cents; in extra cloth, embossed and lettered, red edge, $1, (a choice gift book.) Which will you have?—Send your money and you shall have your "SNAPS." Sent post paid on receipt of price.

Address the WATERKILL VALLEY TIMES, Montgomery, New York.

N. B.—Editors publishing the above, including this paragraph, one week, will receive a copy of "Ginger Snaps" free.

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The Messrs. Borel & Courvoisier have taken the Grand Prize at the late Paris Exposition for superior workmanship, and the greatest perfection in time keeping.

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3rd. All Policies are non-forfeitable after two full annual premiums have been paid.

4th. Rates as low as are consistent with financial soundness, and less than those of almost all Companies which accommodate their assured with loans.

5th. Dividends annually (after second year) in cash. Dividends are divided on the CONTRIBUTION PLAN—the only equitable manner of dividing the earnings of a Life Insurance Company. The Contribution Plan was first conceived by Mr. D. P. Placker, now Actuary of this Company and has been adopted by most of the best managed Life Companies in this country.

The BROOKLYN LIFE has paid and now pays to its Policy-holders LARGER DIVIDENDS than ever before paid by a Life Insurance Company!

6th. Promptitude in paying losses.

7th. No charge for policy or stamp.

The success which the BROOKLYN has achieved, fully exemplified in its rapid and healthful growth, it is a convincing proof of the confidence reposed by the public in its soundness, integrity and liberality.

A. W. LAWRENCE,
Gen. Agent at Raleigh.
JOS. R. GRIFFITH,
Gen. Agent for Western North Carolina.
Dr. J. M. CRATON,
Examining Physician at Rutherfordton,
jan, 9-3m. no 49

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AMERICAN COMPANY
TRADE MARK
TOILET SOAPS
McKEONE, VAN HAAGEN & CO.

Honey, Glycerine, Rose and Flower Boquet and Palm,

In Quality, Style and Perfume warranted equal to the English and sold fully 50 per cent cheaper, which accounts for the great falling off in the demand for the foreign soaps and the unprecedented success of the American Company Toilet Soaps, now sold everywhere in the United States.

McKEONE, VAN HAAGEN & CO., Sole Manf'rs,
Philadelphia and New York.

WANTED AGENTS TO SELL THE AMERICAN KNITTING MACHINE. Price $25. The simplest, cheapest and best Knitting Machine ever invented. Will knit 20,000 stitches per minute. Liberal inducements to Agents. Address AMERICAN KNITTING MACHINE CO., Boston, Mass., or St. Louis, Mo.

GRAND RAPIDS, MICH., Sept. 10, 1868.
LIPPINCOTT & BAKEWELL,
The people seem to be crazy about your RED JACKET AXES. Please send me twenty dozen more.
Yours truly. W. D. F.

CAUTION.—Unprincipled dealers are selling Axe painted red, as the RED JACKET AXE. The good qualities of this Axe consists in its superior cutting qualities not in the Red Paint.

The "Red Jacket" is for sale by all responsible hard ware dealers and the manufacturers.

LIPPINCOTT & BAKEWELL,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

NATIONAL AGRICULTURIST
—AND—
Pennsylvania Farm Journal,
DEVOTED TO
Agriculture, Horticulture and Rural Economy.
PUBLISHED AT PITTSBURG, PA.
J. M. & G. D. KUESTER, Editors.
EDITED BY A CORPS OF PRACTICAL CONTRIBUTORS.
TERMS.—$1,00 per annum; Ten Copies, $7,50.
☞ *Advertising 25 cts per line for each insertion.*

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST COLLECTION OF *Piano Music.*

A Complete Library of the Choicest Compositions. Pieces suited to All Grades of Players, is comprised in the following series of elegant volumes, any one which would cost in the usual form of Sheet Music ten times the price.

THE WREATH OF GEMS, just published, containing over 100 of the choicest and most popular Songs, Ballads, and Duets of the day, with Piano accompaniment. THE HOME CIRCLE, 2 vols, containing Marches, Waltzes, Polkas, Schottisches, Redowas, Quadrilles, Contra Dances Piano Forte Gems, and Four-Hand Pieces. THE PIANISTS ALBUM. 1 vol. A continuation of the same class of Music as that of the "Home Circle." SILVER CHORD. 1 vol. Songs, Duets, Trios, Quartets, with Piano Acc'n SHOWER OF PEARLS. 1 vol. Choice Vocal Duets, with Piano Acc'n. GEMS OF GERMAN SONGS. 1 vol. GEMS OF SCOTTISH SONG. 1 vol. GEMS OF SACRED SONG. 1 vol. OPERATIC PEARLS. 1 vol. Vocal beauties of the Standard Operas, with Piano Acc'n. THE OPERA BOUFFE, a collection of Vocal and Instrumental Gems from Offenbach's Opera of "Grand Duchesse," "Belle Helene," "Barbe Bleue," and others

PRICES. Each vol., Boards, $2,50. Cloth, $3,00.—Cloth, full gilt, $4,00. Sent by mail, post paid, to any address.

OLIVER DITSON & CO., Publishers.
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ERRING BUT NOBLE.—Self-help for Young Men who having erred, desire a better manhood. Sent in sealed envelopes, free of charge. If benefitted return the postage. Address PHILANTHROS, Box P. Philadelphia, Pa.

THE PATENT MAGIC COMB. Will color gray hair a permanent black or brown. Sold everywhere. Sent by mail for $1,25.
Address WM. P. ATKINSON, Treasurer.
Magic Comb Company, Springfield, Mass.

"THE GRAY JACKET"
And how they Lived, Fought and Died for Dixie, with Incidents and Sketches of Life in the Confederacy."
The Spiciest and Cheapest War Book Published.
☞ Send for Circular and see our terms, with a full description of the work. Address JONES BROS & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.; Atlanta, Ga.; or St. Louis, Mo.

WANTED, AGENTS, $75 to $200 per month, everywhere, male and female, to introduce the GENUINE IMPROVED COMMON SENSE FAMILY SEWING MACHINE. This Machine will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, quilt cord, bind, braid, and embroider in a most superior manner. Price only $18. Fully warranted for five years. We will pay $1000 for any machine that will sew a stronger, more beautiful, or more elastic seam than ours. It makes the "Elastic Lock Stitch." Every second stitch can be cut, and still the cloth cannot be pulled apart without tearing it. We pay Agents from $75 to $200 per month and expenses, or a commission from which twice that amount can be made. Address SECOMB & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa., Boston, Mass., or St. Louis, Mo.

CAUTION.—Do not be imposed upon by other parties palming off worthless cast iron machines, under the same name or otherwise. Ours is the only genuine and really practical cheap machine manufactured.

GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., offer to advertisers the most complete method of reaching the public, through the newspapers of any agency in the country.—Springfield (O.) Transcript.

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IF YOU WANT TO ADVERTISE,
SEND A STAMP
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OUR NEW CIRCULAR,
OUR NEW CIRCULAR,
CONTAINING LISTS
CONTAINING LISTS
CONTAINING LISTS
OF ALL THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUMS.
OF ALL THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUMS.
OF ALL THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUMS.
THE NAMES ARE GIVEN
THE NAMES ARE GIVEN
THE NAMES ARE GIVEN
AND
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AND
THE PRICES ARE GIVEN.
THE PRICES ARE GIVEN.
THE PRICES ARE GIVEN.
YOU CAN ESTIMATE THE COST
YOU CAN ESTIMATE THE COST
YOU CAN ESTIMATE THE COST
AND
AND
AND
MAKE YOUR ORDERS LARGE OR SMALL.
MAKE YOUR ORDERS LARGE OR SMALL.
MAKE YOUR ORDER LARGE OR SMALL.
OUR LIST OF 100
OUR LIST OF 100
OUR LIST OF 100
LOCAL PAPERS
LOCAL PAPERS
LOCAL PAPERS
AND HIGH-PRICED WEEKLIES
AND HIGH-PRICED WEEKLIES
AND HIGH-PRICED WE

Rutherford Star.

RUTHERFORDTON, N. C.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 30, 1869.

LOCAL AND STATE.

Stranger than True.

It is passingly strange, that after about seven months diligent labor, the *Vindicator* has discovered the distressing fact that it is giving "*notoriety* to the *Star* by noticing it." Were the Editor, of that journal of wisdom, away from home, we would give the credit of this mournful discovery to his "SUB," but as Lawson says he "has no 'SUB' or hired Editor" we will let him shoulder the honor, if any there be, in this discovery.

It is a noted fact, that the *main text* from which the *Vindicator* has been preaching for the the last seven months, has been the "*Rutherford Star*," and we confess that some of these sermons have been calculated to give the *Star* "notoriety," for they were so bare-faced and full of misrepresentations that any honest person could discern the falsity of them, and when honest people find that one man is trying to break down another by false charges, the persecuted man rises in their estimation.

As to the "Junior Editor of the *Star*," we will take the responsibility of being plain. We have looked upon the *Vindicator*, up to the time it changed hands, as beneath the notice of a gentleman, and for that reason payed no attention to it, but when it fell into the hands of the present Editor, we hoped that it would be conducted on a more genteel style, at least enough so that we might treat it with respect; but we have been disappointed. We were loth to get in to any discussion with that paper, and we were slow to return the blows after we had been struck, not from any fears that we would get whipped in the discussion, but because we did not think we would gain anything by breaking our resolve, not to notice any paper unless it was conducted in a genteel manner. But we have said more than we intended, and will close, for the present, and for all, we are glad of the chance to quit, for 'tis said, "If you lay down with a dog you will get up with fleas." We will only say in conclusion: God deliver us from any such *notoriety* as we may receive from *such a source*.

P. S.—The *Vindicator* will please correct a *misrepresentation* in regard to Justice Logan sending persons to jail on last Sunday.

NEWSPAPER DIRECTORY. G. P. ROWELL & Co., the New York Advertising Agents, are about issuing a complete American Newspaper Directory. It is a compilation much needed, since nothing of the kind having any claims to completeness has ever been published.

Messrs. ROWELL & Co., have spared no pains or expense to make the forthcoming work complete. We understand the book will be a handsome octavo volume of about 300 pages, bound in dark cloth, and sold for Five Dollars per copy.

As the publishers are Advertising Agents, their issuing a work containing so much information, usually jealously guarded by those in that business, shows that they are confident of their ability to be of service to advertisers, or they would not so readily place in their hands the means of enabling every one to communicate direct with publishers if they so desire.

NOMINATIONS.—We learn that at Republican meetings held last Saturday, the following nominations were made for Township Officers in Logan's Store Township, No. 10: Wm. Watson and W. B. Freeman for Magistrates'; W. W. Wallace, Clerk; Joseph Scoggin, Constable.

In Camp Creek Township, No. 11: James Morris and E. P. Allen, Magistrates; J. P. Allen, Clerk; D. D. Allen, Constable.

These, we think, are good selections, and have no doubt but that they will be triumphantly elected. Let the other Townships follow suit by bringing out their best men for these offices, and be ready for the election. We think nominations should also be made for School Commissioners for each Township.

THE RED JACKET AXE.—The following testimonial is but one of the many which have been received. It shows some of the reasons for the wellknowin popularity of Colburn's patent:

FREDRICKTON, Knox Co., O., November 2, 1868.

LIPPENCOTT & BAKEWELL;

Dear Sirs:—I received your second Red Jacket Axe per express, and now acknowledge the same. For the benefit of all those who desires or nece-sities make it their business to chop with an axe, I would say; Try the Red Jacket: and, as the Supreme Court have held that a Doctor's opinion without his reasons is of little value, I will give my reason; *First*—The Red Jacket cuts deeper than the common bit. *Second*—It being round on the cut, it does not stick in the wood. *Third*—Every chopper with the common axe must discover that there is as much labor and stength expended in taken the axe out of the cuts as in making the blow. *Fourth*—This with the Red Jacket is all avoided, and from one-third to one-half the labor is saved in cutting the same quantity. *Fifth*—by putting in the same labor that is necessary with a common axe, you can easily make at least thirty-three per cent, more wood in the same time. You are safe in letting any honest man try your Red Jacket on these tests, and if it fails, return him his money,

Respectfully yours,

HARRY BALDWIN.

For sale by all responsible dealers, and the manufacturers.

LIPPENCOTT & BAKEWELL.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Sole owners of Colburn's and Red Jacket patents.

U. S. SENATORS. Maine, Massachusetts, New York, Pennsylvania, Michigan, Delaware, Minnesota, Missouri, and Indiana, elected on the 19th inst., Senators to represent them in the Senate of the United States, as follows:—Maine, Ex-President Hannibal Hamlin; New York Ex-Governor R. E. Fenton; Pennsylvania, Hon. John Scott; Delaware, Hon. J. A. Bayard; Michigan, Hon. Z. Chandler; Missouri, Gen. Carl Schurz; Minnesota, Hon. Alex. Ramsey; Indiana, William Cumback, Esq.; Massachusetts, Hon. Charles Sumner.

LEGISLATIVE.

On motion of Mr. LAFLIN the bill to divide and separate the eastern and western divisions of the Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford Railroad was taken up.

Mr. JUSTICE, of Rutherford, said the great objection that would be urged by the enemies of this bill is that it proposes to divide the road. He said it always had been to all intents and purposes except management two separate and distinct roads. In proof of that he read from the amended charter of 1866–67. This bill was brought forward asking an independent, separate company, because of the fact that the rights of that section of country have been entirely and totally ignored. About 42 miles of the road was built before the war. The remainder of the road to the town of Rutherford, a distance of thirty five miles, was graded by the company before the war commenced. Much of the masonry was then completed, and in that condition it remains to-day. The Superintendent declares that not once stroke of the spade shall be struck on the divison until the eastern division is completed. It is desired to separate the road to completion and then the friends of the road desire that it should remain one road, under one management. The division is desired for the purpose of a more speedy construction.

Mr. FRENCH read sections 15 and 18, and said they looked like a trick to divide the road with or without the consent of the stockholders when professing to give them a voice in deciding. He expected this bill would be killed, and then he would introduce a bill to keep the divisions as they have been. The railroad was under the charge of different individuals in process of construction simply to carry on the work of at both ends at the same time. The gentleman had said the counties along the western division had been ignored. The counties along the line subscribed certain amounts to build the road. The gentleman's own county had not subscribed a sufficient amount to be entitled to a voice in the board. He voted for New Hanover 4,000 shares, but Rutherford county was excluded. The city of Wilmington subscribed $200,000 to the building of the road, supposing it would be one road bringing trade to Wilmington. Their vested rights could not be interferred with in his opinion by dividing the road. The line between Savannah and Charleston has not been in operation since the war, because there was a scheme like this, and an injunction was taken out to prevent the division. This would result in the same way if the owner of one share of stock prayed for an injunction.

The House adjourned until 7½ o'clock.

EVENING SESSION.

The House met at 6½ o'clock.

The House resumed the consideration of the bill in relation to the Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford railroad.

Mr. FRENCH offered a substitute to be entitled an act to amend the charter of the Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford railroad, to provide for the completion of said road, and to secure to the State a representation in the company.

[The Substitute increases the stock of the road to seven millions of dollars, and authorized the State to subscribe four millions dollars to the stock when the stockholders accept this amendment of the charter, two millions of dollars to be applied exclusively to each division. An annual tax of one eighth of one per cent is imposed to pay the interest on the bonds.]

Mr. MALONE spoke at length, giving the history of road,

Mr. FRENCH said under the original bill nothing could be done, as any stockholder could take out an injunction; while his substitute would satisfy the stockholders and be effective.

Mr. JUSTICE, of Rutherford, opposed the substitute. The substitute asks a larger sum than his bill. The original bill only asks permission to go on in keeping with the original charter. the charter provides that the money raised east of Charlotte shall not be expended west of there. The State's money has been expended east of Charlotte, and the Western section has been ignored. Reading from the charter, he said the bonds even were made to refer to their particular section; under that charter two sets of directors should be allowed until the road was completed. That is all that is asked. The effect of the substitute would be to defeat the divisions.

Mr. FRENCH said the Wilmington stockholders opposed the division, and only desired to secure the completion of the road.

The substitute was adoped by the following vote;

YEAS—Messrs. Allison, Ames, Argo, Armstrong, Ashworth, Banner, Barnett, Carey, Cawthorn, Cherry, Davis, Dixon, Downing, Ellis, Ellington, Estes, Foster, Franklin, French, Gatling, Grier, Hayes, Hendricks, High, Hodnett, Hoffman, Huddings, Ingram, Kelly of Davie, Laflin, Leary, Long of Richmond, Malone, Mayo, McCanless, McMillan, Morrill, Morris, Pearson, Peck, Price, Proctor, Renfrow, Robbins, Reynolds, Seymour, Sinclair, Thompson, Vestal, Vest, White and Whitley—52.

NAYS—Messrs. Boddie, Candler, Carson, Clayton of Transylvania, Davidson, Durham, Ferebee, Forkner, Gahagan, Gibson, Gilbert, Green, Hawkins, Hinnant, Hodgin, Humphries, Jarvis, Justus of Henderson, Justice of Rutherford, Kelly of Moore, Long of Chatham, Medenhall, Moore, Nicholson, Painter, Parker Pou, Profitt, Robinson, Shaver, Simonds, Smith of Alleghany, Snipes, Stanton, Sweat, Sykes, Waldrop, Welch, Williams of Harnett, and Wilson—39.

The bill passed its second reading by the following vote;

YEAS—Messrs. Ames, Argo, Ashworth, Barnett, Bowman, Candler, Carson, Carey, Cawthorn, Cherry, Davis, Dixon, Downing, Ellington, Estes, Forkner, Foster, Franklin, French, Gahagan, Gatling, Gilbert, Graham, Green, Grier, Hendricks, Hicks, Hoffman, Huddings, Ingram, Justus of Henderson, Justice of Rutherford, Kelly of Davis, Laflin, Leary, Long of Richmond, Malone, Matheson, Mayo, McCanless, Morrill, Morris Painter, Peck, Price, Proctor, Rentrow, Robbins, Reynolds, Siegriest, Sinclair, Simonds, Stevens, Vestal, Vest, Waldrop, Welch, White, Whitley and Wilson—62.

NAYS—Messrs. Allison, Armstrong, Blair, Boddie, Clayton of Transylvania, Davidson, Durham, Ellis, Ferebee, Gibson, Hawkins, High, Hinnant, Hodnett, Horney, Humphries, Jarvis, Kelly of Moore, Long of Chatham, McMillan, Mendenhall, Moore, Parker, Pearson, Pou, Rea, Robinson, Seymour, Smith of Alleghany, Snipes, Stanton, Sykes, Thompson and Williams of Hardett—35.

RUTHERFORDTON.

New Carriage Shop

JUSTICE & CARRIER,

RUTHERFORDTON, N. C.

HAVING RENTED THE LARGE SHOP formerly occupied by J. S. Ford, respectfully announce to the public that they are now making arrangements for the manufacture of

Carriages, Wagons, Buggies, Carts, Wheelbarrows,

and everything in their line, at prices to suit the times. jan30tf

Blacksmithing.

ORDERS attended to with dispatch.
jan30–tf. JUSTICE & CARRIER.

Undertaking.

COFFINS made to order at short notice.
jan30–tf. JUSTICE & CARRIER.

Repairing.

JOBS repaired and made new whenever wanted
jan30–tf. JUSTICE & CARRIER.

Produce.

WILL be taken in exchange for work at the market prices.
jan30–tf. JUSTICE & CARRIER.

NEW GOODS!

CHEAP GOODS!

DR. J. M. CRATON

RESPECTFULLY announces to his friends and customers, and the public generally, that he is now receiving a large and well assorted stock of NEW GOODS, direct from New York city, which he offers on the most reasonable terms. His stock consists of

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

DRY GOODS,

Broadcloths, Beavercloth for overcoats, casimeres, Rock Island Jeans, Bed Ticking, Large Bed Blankets, Sheetings, Shirtings, Domestics, and heavy goods of all kinds, Gents' Furnishing Goods,

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

Consisting in part of Alpacas, Poplins, All-Wool Delaines, Prints, Trimmings, a lot of good Shawls, Hats and Bonnets, Bonnet Ribbons, Laces, Braids, Hosiery, Gloves, Hoop Skirts, Corsets, Coates' Thread, Buttons, Pins, &c., &c.,

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES,

of every variety, Sole and Upper Leather.

Hardware and Cutlery,

Pocket Knives, Knives and Forks, Scissors, Shears, Files of all sorts, Padlocks, Wool and Cotton Cards, Tea Kettles, Long Handle Shovels, &c., &c., &c.

STATIONERY,

Foolscap, Letter, and Note Paper, Envelopes, Pens, Pencils, Ink, Pass Books, &c.

A new supply of

Fresh Groceries,

Family Flour, a superior article, constantly on hand, Coffee, Sugar, Tea, Cheese, Crackers, Soda, Powder, Lead, Candies, Nuts, Oranges, Lemons, Raisins, Figs, and other Confections.

Christmas Nick-Nacks,

A large supply of Toys, Dolls, Drums, Bugles, Birds, Dogs, Cats, Buggies, &c.

FRESH DRUGS AND MEDICINES, warranted pure and good.

PATENT MEDICINES,

Wine of Tar, for consumptives,
Rosadalis, the celebrated purifier of the blood,
Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry,
Cod Liver Oil,
All of Ayer's Medicines,
Worm Sugar Drops,

and a great variety of other Patent Medicines. I sell no medicine that I do not conscientiously recommend, and guarantee satisfaction in all sales.

Paints, Oils, Dye-Stuffs, Kerosene, Window Glass and Putty,

and a thousand and one other articles not enumerated, which I propose to sell on the most reasonable terms. Give me a call.

☞ Physicians furnished with all medicines they may require at low prices.

☞ Prescriptions carefully filled.

All kinds of produce, such as Corn, Rye, Oats, Wheat, Pork, Butter, eggs, Beeswax, Feathers, and everything that may be offered, taken in exchange for goods.

Call and get an Almanac for 1869.

J. M. CRATON.

DR. J. M CRATON

Offers his professional services to his old friends, and the public generally. Office at his Drug Store.
dec19 47-tf

NEW GOODS!!

Messrs. JONES & BRYAN respectfully announce to their customers and the public generally, that they are now opening at their Store in Rutherfordton, direct from New York and Southern Manufactories, a large assortment of

STAPLE AND FANCY GOODS,

selected by a Merchant of long experience in the Mercantile line and familiar with the wants of this community, all of which will be sold at

THE LOWEST CASH PRICE,

or in exchange for

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Their STOCK comprises almost every article usually kept in a RETAIL STORE. They consider it unnecessary to waste as much ink in enumerating their

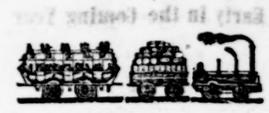
GREAT VARIETY

of Goods, as some of their neighbors, but promise to exhibit as **large and well assorted** Stock of Goods as is to be found in this market and at as LOW RATES. We trust the public will not take our word alone, but call and examine for themselves before purchasing elsewhere.

JONES & BRYAN.

jan. 9–tf.

MILLER'S COLUMN.



NEW GOODS!

The subscriber has received and is now opening, at the old stand of

W. H. MILLER & CO.,

HIS FALL AND WINTER STOCK OF

STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY GOODS,

SUCH AS

Casimeres, Cloths, Casinets, Rock Island Jeans, Kentucky Jeans, Flannels, Shirtings, Sheetings, Delaines, Calicoes, Dress Goods, Trimmings, Ribbons, Muslins, Cambrics, Bed Ticking, Hoop Skirts, Knitting and Spool Cotton, &c., &c.

HARDWARE.

Patent Axes,
A M E S '
Shovels & Spades,
Hay Forks, Iron and Nails, Trace Chains, Files, Planes, Braces, Brass Kettles, No. 10 Cotton Cards, Horse Shoes & Nails, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Hammers, Roping, Buggy Trimmings, Whips, Leather, &c.

GROCERIES.

Sugars,
Coffees, Salt,
Rice, Cheese, Soda,
Candies, Ginger, Spice,
Pepper, Soaps, Candles,
Matches, Cigars, Powder, Lead,
Percussion Caps, Shoe Blacking, &c.

HATS AND CAPS,

BOOTS & SHOES,

Of all kinds and prices.

DYE-STUFFS

Indigo, Madder, Logwood,
Copperas, Red & Green
Paints, Rosin,

YANKEE NOTIONS,

&c., &c., &c., &c.

All of which, with a thousand-and-one other articles not mentioned, I will sell as cheap as can be bought elsephere.

I will give the HIGHEST MARKET PRICE for any and all kinds of

COUNTRY PRODUCE,

in exchange for Goods, and will pay CASH for any quantity of COTTON.

I desire to return thanks to my friends for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed upon me, and respectfully asks that they will call and see me before purchasing elsewhere, as I think I can make it to their interest to buy from me.

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID FOR Green and Dry Hides.

H. M. MILLER.

40-tf

RUTHERFORDTON.

NEW FIRM!

NEW GOODS!

Cheap! Cheaper!! Cheapest!!!

Now is the time, and here is the place to buy Cheap Goods, Good Goods, and Goods that will satisfy the most fastidious.

J. A. MILLER & CO.,

KEEP constantly on hand a large and varied stock of Goods, which were bought cheap and they promise to give their customers the the benefit of their good luck.

DRY GOODS,

Such as BEAVER CLOTHS, CASIMERES, ROCK ISLAND JEANS, FLANNELS, BED TICKING, SHEETINGS, SHIRTINGS, PRINTS, LADIES' DRESS GOODS, MEN'S WEAR OF ALL KINDS, &C., &C.

HARDWARE

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES,

Groceries, Confectioneries, Paints, Oils, Dye-Stuffs, Yankee Notions, &c. &c

We respectfully ask for an inspection of our goods, it is no trouble for us to show goods and tell prices.

We buy all kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE, and give the highest market price.

In connection with our Store we have opened a

SHOE SHOP,

and with good workmen, and good material we are prepared to put up with neatness and dispatch from the Finest Boot or Shoe to the Coarsest Plantation Brogan. Repairing done.

Don't forgot to give us a call.

dec19 47-3m

Notice.

I WILL pay the following prices for Produce delivered to me.

OATS, 50 cents per bushel.
CORN, 75 " " "
RYE, 100 " " "
IRISH POTATOES 50 cents per bushel.

Call at H. M. MILLER'S.

jan 23–tf.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

DR. J. W. HARRIS

WILL GIVE PROMPT ATTENTION to all Professional calls, and hopes to merit a continuance of his long established practice.

☞ Has constantly on hand a fine supply of PURE DRUGS his office in Rutherfordton.
je f 18

Drs. RUCKER & TWITTY,

HAVING ASSOCIATED in the practice of Medicine in all its branches respectfully offer their services to the public.

Thankful for past favors, they hope, by prompt attention to all calls, to merit a continuance of their established practice.

☞ Charges moderate.

Office in the Andrew Moore House, first door above J. A. Miller & Co.

M. H. JUSTICE,

Attorney at Law,

RUTHERFORDTON, N. C.

☞ Claims collected in all parts of the State
dec19 47-tf

CHARLOTTE.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL HOUSE

WITTKOWSKY & RINTELS,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.,

Have now in store one of the largest stocks of Goods ever brought to this market. It consist in part of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Clothing, &c.

BOOTS and SHOES in large quantities and at the LOWEST cash PRICES.

☞ Country Merchants are respectfully invited to call and examine our stock of Goods. Returning thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed, they promise to do all in their power to give satisfaction to customers.

Millinery and Dress-Making.

A separate department is devoted to Millinery and Dress-making, where the Ladies can have work done promptly and in the latest styles.

WITTKOWSKY & RINTELS.
Between the two Drug Stores.
jy 14–tf.

S. B. MEACHAM,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, TRUNKS Shoe-Findings, and Rubber Belting.

☞ Sign of the BRASS BOOT, Iron Front Building, Tryon Street, Charlotte, N. C.
dec19 47-tf

SMITH'S

Boot, Shoe and Leather Store.

NEXT DOOR TO DEWEY'S BANK,

Charlotte, N. C.

The Largest Wholesale and Retail Shoe Establishment in North Carolina.

Their stock of Leather and Shoe Findings is most complete, embracing every grade of Hemlock and Oak Sole Leather,
Upper Leather,
French and American Calf Skin,
Kip, Lasts, &c., &c.

They also furnish all widths of Rubber and Leather Belting at Manufacturers' prices.

Wholesale Department.

They have received their Fall and Winter Stock, the largest and most complete ever brought to this market, and will sell to merchants at

New York Wholesale Prices.

Their expenses being much less and as they buy exclusively from manufacturers, there is no reason why they cannot sell at as low prices as the New York Jobber.

All they ask is a fair trial. Remember and ask for

SMITH'S SHOE STORE.

1st door to Dewey's Bank, Charlotte, N. C.
dec 19 47-tf

LEGAL NOTICES.

LEGAL NOTICE.

The following sections of the Code of Civil procedure, ratified the 24th day of August, A. D. 1868, is published for the information of parties who have suits upon the Trial and Execution Dockets of the late Superior, County and Equity Courts:

SECTION 400. The Clerks of the Superior Courts at the request of a party thereto, within six months from the ratification of this act, and on the payment of a fee of one dollar, shall enter on a separate Docket, all suits which, at the ratification aforesaid, shall have been commenced, and in which final judgment has not been rendered in the late County Courts, Superior Courts of Law, and Courts of Equity of their respective counties.

"SEC. 401. And every suit not so transferred within the time aforesaid shall be abated, and the Clerk of the Superior Court shall tax the costs against the parties liable, and collect the same by the proper process.

"SEC. 403. Existing judgments and decrees not dormant, may in like manner be entered on the Execution Docket, and subsequent proceedings shall be as is prescribed for actions hereafter to be commenced, as far as shall be compatible with the previous proceedings, and no lien acquired before the ratification aforesaid, shall be lost by any change of process, occasioned by this act."

Persons having suits on my Dockets will take due notice and govern themselves accordingly.

J. B. CARPENTER, S. C. Clerk, for Rutherford County.

42-t24feb

Commissioners Notice

THE Commissioners of Rutherford County find the following claims upon the Treasurer's Books for said County, which were not audited for want of proof to substantiate the same. Parties concerned will please attend the meeting of the Board on the 1st Monday in February next and prove claims.

Moses Morgan,	$2 10	J. Blackwell,	80
Wm. Tabor,	45	J. A. Haden.	9 95
James T. Wilkins,	1 0	J. E. McFarland,	50
J. Corbett.	30	J. McFarland,	50
J. Haynes,	40	Lawson Phillips,	1 95
J. H. Parson,	50	M. Watkins,	4 10
M. Morgan,	15	J. B. Jones,	80
J. D. Carpenter.	30	J. R. Pendergrass,	25
C. McKinney,	15	P. S Hunter,	1 14
P. R. Morgan,	15	Thos. Greenway,	2 14
J. McMahan,	70	C. P. Wilkins,	1 50
J. Reed,	1 00	H. Sorrels,	30
P. Morgan,	50	P. Morgan,	3 50
C. McKinney,	3 58	John Aldrige,	1 00
C. Blanton,	37	J. R Blanton & Co	70
Thomas Hunt,	60	J. T. Cameron,	50
James Hunt,	40	John Keeter,	2 90
Holford Debt,	2 95	S McCurry,	1 00
H. Houser,	1 50	I. Keeter,	1 95
J. Rogers,	15	Wm. Green,	2 10
J. Blackwell,	15	E Aldrige,	2 20
A. A. Mills,	1 20	J Aldrige,	1 00
J. W Taylor,	1 00	James Holbert,	60
Eli Center,	3 37	J W Glass,	30
J. Morrison,	30	J W Blankenship,	2 40
C. S. Ward,	15	James McCurry,	3 20
J. J. Aldrige.	60	M Hunter,	30
J W Vanderver,	11 90	R Egerton,	2 18
J Staton,	1 80	S Wallace,	1 32
Jas. Egerton,	80	G J Smith,	1 20
L H Suart,	50	M Beam,	1 85
Wm. Elliott,	1 35	M Higgins,	1 00
Wm. McGinnis,	1 80	Wm Gamble,	30
Wm. Gamble,	4 00	D Beam,	50
Elizabeth Bates,	7 72	E L Allen,	2 30
J M Webb,	3 00	C C Durham,	1 05
J R Mills,	2 10	C Gregg,	3 10
T Lyles,	2 86	F Hampton,	1 05
N King,	3 25	G W Blackwell,	1 20
W F Bryson,	85	Wm Albright,	1 60
W Wall,	2 80	J T Avery,	3 43
L Moore,	1 75	A Duckworth,	1 00
Brevard,	2 00	C L Harris,	2 00
B Hamilton,	1 00	Arch Gulley,	1 35
Wm. Gamble,	1 40	J U Whiteside,	1 00
E Morris,	50	Solicitors fees,	9 00
M C Roberts,	30	J B Jones,	2 05
H M Corbett,	60	James Holbert,	3 30
L F Melton,	2 20	G E Blackwell,	2 80
W B Hale,	3 15	M Wilkerson,	2 40
H F Hambrick to A Long,	2 70	Wm Elliott,	1 40
James Young,	20	J L Taylor,	1 00
Wm Gamble,	2 55	James Baber,	60
E D Davis,	1 00	J R Allen,	30
C Mills,	6 66	Eli Gulley,	3 52
W O Bagwell,	2 40	James Britton,	1 60
Bartlett & Co,	4 01	Wm Gamble,	2 75
John Gilkey,	2 32	A R Beam,	1 00
J Stewart,	30	E R Bailey,	1 04
W H Hall,	30	C Grigg,	2 70
O W Waters,	1 75	Peter Green,	2 05
W C Lattimore,	2 43	Davis, att'y,	24 00
W W Avery, att'y.	2 00	Jerry Webb,	10 20
H G Weaver,	1 50	E Toms, cl'k,	6 45
R Egerton,	2 18	J C Roberts,	2 00
M Higgins,	4 60	C C Durham,	1 40
A Biggerstaff,	15	D Beam,	2 30
J Rogers,	15	H Carpenter.	3 30
Wm Martin,	2 15	U Whiteside,	3 00
M H Kilpatrick, fee,	1 50	M O Dickerson,	4 15
H G Twitty, 3 y'rs,	5 20	Wm Gamble,	3 40
W G Fowler, 3 "	4 60	G W Corbett,	1 91
Wm Gamble,	3 25	O D Allen,	1 00
G W Corbett,	80	B E Blanton,	60
B N R Glover,	50	W H Kilpatrick,	26 00
Shipp & Davis,	4 00	A C Boon,	3 30
E L Allen,	1 00	A Forney,	3 00
E D Davis,	1 30		
Total,			$350 97

By order of the Board.

R. J. WILLIAMS, Cl'k
Ex Officio.

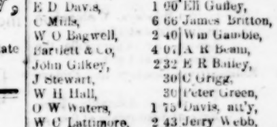
jan 16–td, 49

NEW YORK CITY.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, ALBUMS, CHROMOS.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,

501 BROADWAY, NEW YORK,



Have the attention of the Trade to their extensive assortment of the above, of their own publication, comprising

Pigmy,	Mammoth Cuts,	Cuba,	
Gleaning,	Central Park,	New Granada,	
Nature,	Yosemite Falls,	Venezuela,	
Rural,	Mountain,	The Ladies,	
White Mountains,	Rhododendron,	Chinese,	
Moonlights,	Niagara,	Japan,	
Groups,	Delaware,	Egypt,	
Wee Folks,	Shakespearean,	Switzerland, &c., &c.	

Our Imported Views embrace a large assortment, including the above productions of Wm. England, H. W. Wilson, Lamy, and other eminent photographers, consisting of

Switzerland,	Ireland,	Spain,	Rhineland,
Rhine,	Wales,	Tuileries,	Fontainebleau,
Pyrenees,	Paragiti,	St. Cloud,	Compiegne,
Paris,	Germany,	Trianon,	Versailles,
Italy,	Alsatia,	Crystal Palace,	Eugenie,
England,	Italy,	Tyrol,	Rome, &c., &c.
Scotland,			

Also,

THE LANDS OF THE BIBLE,

A new and hitherto unpublished series. Also, Illustrated and Transparent Views, in great variety. We are also exclusive Agents in America for PERRIER'S "GLASS VIEWS," of which we have a splendid assortment. Agents for Wolfe's series of 8 x 10 Photographic Views in Switzerland, the Rhine, England, Scotland, Wales, &c.

STEREOSCOPES.—We manufacture very largely, and have a large stock of the best styles at the lowest rates.

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS.—Our Manufacture of Albums is well known throughout the country as superior in quality and beauty to all others.

All we sell are made in our own Factory, and our styles are different from those of any other makers. Buyers should see this or our stock before making their purchases.

CHROMOS.

These beautiful pictures, that cannot be distinguished from the finest Oil Paintings, at one tenth their cost, we import largely from Paris, London, Berlin, Vienna and Rome, and supply the trade at the lowest rates.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,

501 BROADWAY, N. Y.,

Importers and Manufr's of Photographic Materials.

LEGAL NOTICES.

Commissioners Notice

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James T. Wilkins,	1 0	J. E. McFarland,	50
J. Corbett.	30	J. McFarland,	50
J. Haynes,	40	Lawson Phillips,	1 95
J. H. Parson,	50	M. Watkins,	4 10
M. Morgan,	15	J. B. Jones,	80
J. D. Carpenter.	30	J. R. Pendergrass,	25
C. McKinney,	15	P. S Hunter,	1 14
P. R. Morgan,	15	Thos. Greenway,	2 14
J. McMahan,	70	C. P. Wilkins,	1 50
J. Reed,	1 00	H. Sorrels,	30
P. Morgan,	50	P. Morgan,	3 50
C. McKinney,	3 58	John Aldrige,	1 00
C. Blanton,	37	J. R Blanton & Co	70
Thomas Hunt,	60	J. T. Cameron,	50
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J. Blackwell,	15	E Aldrige,	2 20
A. A. Mills,	1 20	J Aldrige,	1 00
J. W Taylor,	1 00	James Holbert,	60
Eli Center,	3 37	J W Glass,	30
J. Morrison,	30	J W Blankenship,	2 40
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J W Vanderver,	11 90	R Egerton,	2 18
J Staton,	1 80	S Wallace,	1 32
Jas. Egerton,	80	G J Smith,	1 20
L H Suart,	50	M Beam,	1 85
Wm. Elliott,	1 35	M Higgins,	1 00
Wm. McGinnis,	1 80	Wm Gamble,	30
Wm. Gamble,	4 00	D Beam,	50
Elizabeth Bates,	7 72	E L Allen,	2 30
J M Webb,	3 00	C C Durham,	1 05
J R Mills,	2 10	C Gregg,	3 10
T Lyles,	2 86	F Hampton,	1 05
N King,	3 25	G W Blackwell,	1 20
W F Bryson,	85	Wm Albright,	1 60
W Wall,	2 80	J T Avery,	3 43
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A Biggerstaff,	15	D Beam,	2 30
J Rogers,	15	H Carpenter.	3 30
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Total,			$350 97

By order of the Board.

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jan 16–td, 49

NEW YORK CITY.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, ALBUMS, CHROMOS.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,

501 BROADWAY, NEW YORK,

Have the attention of the Trade to their extensive assortment of the above, of their own publication, comprising

Pigmy,	Mammoth Cuts,	Cuba,	
Gleaning,	Central Park,	New Granada,	
Nature,	Yosem

POETICAL.

THE DEAD.

With trembling fingers did we weave
The holly round the Christmas hearth;
A rainy cloud possessed the earth
And sadly fell our Christmas eve.

At our old pastimes in the hall
We gambolled, making vain pretence
Of gladness, with an awful sense
Of one mute Shadow watching all.

We paused: the winds were in the beech—
We heard them sweep the winter land;
And in a circle hand in hand
Sat silent, looking each at each.

Then echo-like our voices rang;
We sang, though every eye was dim—
A merry song we sang with him
Last year: impetuously we sang;

We ceased. A gentler feeling crept
Upon us: surely rest is meet;
"They rest," we said, their sleep is sweet."
And silence followed, and we wept.

Our voices took a higher range;
Once more we sang: "They do not die,
Nor lose their mortal sympathy,
Nor change to us, although they change:

"Rapt from the fickle and the frail,
With gathered power, yet the same,
Pierces the keen seraphic flame
From orb to orb, from veil to veil.

"Rise, happy morn! rise, holy morn!
Draw forth the cheerful day from night!
O Father! touch the east, and light
The light that shone when Hope was born!"

[ALFRED TENNYSON.

The Homestead Law.

An Act to provide for laying off the Homestead and setting apart the Personal Property exempted in favor of residents of this State by Article X. of the State Constitution.

SECTION 1. The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact, That whenever any resident of this State may desire to take the benefit of the Homestead and Personal Property Exemption, as guaranteed by Article X. of the Constitution, of this State, such resident (or his agent or attorney) shall apply to any Justice of the Peace of the County in which he resides, and said Justice of the Peace shall appoint three disinterested freeholders of the County, not connected with said applicant, who shall, on notice, by order of said Justice, meet at the applicant's residence, and after taking an oath to do impartial justice in the case, before some officer authorized by law to administer an oath, lay off and allot to the applicant a homestead by metes and bounds, according to the applicant's direction, not to exceed one thousand dollars ($1000) in value, and make a descriptive account of the same under their hand and seal, and return it to the office of the Register of Deeds.

SEC. 2. Be it further enacted, That said freeholders shall assess of the personal property of said applicant, to be by him selected, articles of personality not exceeding in value the sum of five hundred dollars, and make a descriptive list of the same, and return it under their hand and seal to the office of the Register of Deeds.

SEC. 3. Be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the Register of Deeds to endorse on each of said returns the date when received for registration and to cause the same to be registered without unnecessary delay. The said Register shall receive for registering the returns the same fees that may be allowed him by law for other similar or equivalent services, which fees shall be paid by said resident applicant (or his agent or attorney) upon the reception of said returns by the Register.

SEC. 4. Be it further enacted, That at any time within twelve months after the reception of said returns for registration, (and not after) any creditor of said applicant may, upon suggestion of fraud, move in the Superior Court of the said applicant's County, to set aside and annul such laying off of a homestead and setting apart of personality. The issue of fraud or no fraud shall be tried by a jury at the same term of the Court, unless the motion is continued for legal cause. If the issue be determined in favor of the creditor, he shall recover of the said applicant his Court cost, and all the proceedings for laying off said personality shall be null and void. If the issue be decided in favor of the applicant aforesaid, the said applicant shall recover of the creditor his Court costs and the setting off of personality, and laying off of the homestead shall stand forever confirmed.

SEC. 6. Be it further enacted, That this act shall be in force from and after its ratification

Ratified the 22nd day of August, A. D. 1868.

Kind Manners at Home.

There are many families, the members of which are, without doubt, dear to each other. If sickness or sudden trouble falls on one, all are afflicted. But in their daily life and ordinary intercourse there is not only no expression of affection, none of the pleasant and fond behavior that has, perhaps little dignity, but which more than makes up for that by its sweetness; but there is an absolute hardness of language and actions which is shocking to every sensitive and tender feeling. Between father and mother, brother and sister, pass rough and hasty words, yes, angry words, far more frequently than words of endearment. To see and hear them, one would think that they hated instead of loved each other. It does not seem to have entered into their heads that it is their duty, as it should be their best pleasure, to do and say all that they possible can or each other's good and happiness. "Each one for himself, and bad luck take the hindermost." The father orders and growls the mother frets, complains, and so go the children, snap, snarl, and whine, and so goes the day. Alas! for if this is a type of heaven!—as the "family" is said to be—at least, it is said to be the nearest thing to heaven of anything on earth. But the spirit of selfishness, of violence, renders it more like the other place—yes, and this too often, even when all the members of the household are members of the Church Where you see—when you know it—one family where love and gentleness reign, you see ten where they only make visits, and this among Christian family as well as other.

Now, it is a sad and melancholy thing to "sit solitary" in life, but give me a cave in the bowels of the earth, give me a lodge in any waste, howling wilderness, where foot nor face of human being ever came, rather than an abode with parents, friends or kindred, in which I must hear or utter language which causes pain, or where I must see conduct which is not born of love. No wealth, no advantage of any kind, would induce me to live with people whose intercourse was of such a nature. The dearer they were to me, the less would remain among them, if they did not do all they could to make each other happy. With mere strangers one might endure, even under such circumstances, to remain for a time; for what they say or do has but limited effect upon one's feelings; but how! members of the same family, children of the same parents, can remain together, year, after year, whenever day they hearquarleing if they do not join in it, and when hard words fly on every side of them, thick as hail, and the very visitors in their house are rendered uncomfortable by them, is indeed a mystery.

"Count life by virtues, these will last
When life's fame, foiled race is o'er,
And these when earthly joys are past,
Shall cheer us on a brighter shore.

[*Rural New Yorker.*

DIRECTORY.

State Officers.

WILLIAM W. HOLDEN—*Governor.*
TOD R. CALDWELL—*Lieut.-Governor.*
H. J. MENNINGER—*Secretary of State.*
DAVID A. JENKINS—*Treasurer.*
HENDERSON ADAMS—*Auditor.*
CEBERN L. HARRIS—*Sup. Pub. Works.*
SAMUEL S. ASHLEY—*Sup. Pub. Inst'n.*
WILLIAM M. COLEMAN—*Attor.-General*

Town Officers.

J. M. JUSTICE—Mayor.
J. V. WILKERSON,
F. D. WOOD,
R. W. LOGAN,
J. K. DECK,
} Commissioners
A. MOONEY—Marshall
A.D. K. WALLACE,—Clerk.

Rutherford County Officers,

(*Elected under the New Constitution,*)
MARTIN WALKER,—*Sheriff.*
A. P. HOLLIFIELD,—*Coroner.*
J. B. CARPENTER.—*Co C'k Superior Court.*
ELI MCARTHUR.—*Treasurer.*
R. J. WILLIAMS.—*Register of Deeds.*
A. J. SCOGGIN.—*Surveyor.*
J. M. ALLEN.
B. W. ANDREWS.
JOS. TAYLOR,
C. J. SPARKS,
H. H. HOPPER.
} *Commissioners.*

Polk County Officers.

(*Elected under the New Constitution.*)
N. B HAMPTON—*Sheriff.*
JACKSON DALTON—*Coroner.*
R. S. ABRAMS—*County C'k Superior Court.*
J. A. THORN—*Register of Deeds.*
J. W. HAMPTON, sr.—*Treasurer.*
J. M. HAMMILTON—*Surveyor.*
J. F. RAINS,
BERRY THOMPSON
G. B. ARLEDGE
JOHN GIBBS,
MILES PADGETT.
} *Commissioners.*

McDowell County Officers.

J. J. BRADLEY—*Sheriff.*
D. W. JIMMERSON—*Coroner.*
J. H. DUNCAN—*Treasurer.*
D. O. H. W. GILLESPIE—*Co C'k Sup Court*
JOSIAH WISEMAN—*Surveyor.*
JOHN ROSS,
JAMES LEDBETTER,
J. W. MCCALL,
J. J. FALKNER,
J. C EVANS.
} *Commissioners.*

Mail Arrangements.

Cherryville Mail—arrives Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 12 m.
Leaves for Cherryville the same days at 1 p. m.
Asheville Mail—arrives Mondays and Fridays at 6 p. m.
Leaves, for Asheville, Tuesdays and Saturdays at 6 a. m.
Greenville Mail—arrives Saturdays at 7 p. m.
Leaves Thursdays at 6 a. m.
Columbus Mail—arrives Tuesdays at 7 p. m.
Leaves Tuesdays at 6 a. m.
Morganton Mail—arrives Saturdays at 7 p. m.
Leaves Fridays at 6 a. m.
County Mail——arrives Thursdays at 12 m.
Leaves same day at 1 p. m.
Marion Mail——arrives Tuesdays and Fridays at 6 p. m.
Leaves Wednesdays and Saturdays at 6 a. m.

Town Ordinances.

1. Be it ordained by the Commissioners of Rutherfordton, and it is hereby ordained by the authority of the same, That a tax be, and the same is hereby laid of 15 cents on each One Hundred Dollars worth of real taxable property within the limits of said Town, for the year 1868, according to the assessment of 1868.
2. Be it further ordained That all persons liable to pay tax within the corporation be required to deliver to the Town Mayor on or before the 15th day of May, 1868, a list of all real taxable property for which they may be liable.—Any person failing to render such list shall be liable to a double tax, and the Mayor is hereby authorized to enforce this ordinance strictly according to Law.
3. Be it further ordained, That all the male citizens within the incorporate limits of said Town, liable by law to work on public roads, be and they are hereby required to work on the public streets and roads in the corporate limits of said Town six days in the year or forfeit to the Mayor one dollar for each day they fail. Provided, That in the discretion of the Mayor such service may be rendered by substitute.
4. Be it further ordained, That the Mayor shall have power to divide the hands liable to work the streets and roads into companies, and order them to work on the streets or roads at any time or place he may deem necessary.—Provided, That he cannot require them to work more than six days in the year.
5. Be it further ordained, That any person who shall ride or hitch any horse, or other animal, on the side walks of the streets of the Town shall forfeit and pay a fine of One Dollar for the first and Two Dollars for each additional offence, to be collected and expended as other taxes for improvement of the Town.
6. Be it further ordained, That a tax of Twenty-Five Dollars be and is hereby levied on all retailers of Spirituous Liquors in quantities less than five gallons, Provided the sale of liquors by regular Physicians, strictly for medicinal purposes, shall be excepted from the operation of this ordinance.
7. Be it further ordained, That a tax of Five Dollars be laid upon all itinerant persons not residents of said county, who shall offer for sale any Goods, Wares or Merchandise within the limits of said Town.
8. Be it further ordained, That a tax of Ten Dollars be imposed for the exhibition of Equestrian and Menagerie performances, and a tax of Five Dollars is imposed upon all Shows generally known as Side-Shows, Slight-of-Hand, Magic Lanterns, or other exhibitions for pay, for each day or night shown or exhibited within the corporation.
9. Be it further ordained, That a fine of One Dollar be and is hereby imposed on all persons who shall discharge fire arms of any kind within the incorporation, except that portion of said incorporation lying east of the branch, east of said Town.

J. M. JUSTICE, *T. M.*

A. D. K. WALLACE, *Clerk.*

RUTHERFORDTON.

The Star

JOB

OFFICE

WE would respectfully announce to the public that we have one of the most COMPLETE JOB OFFICES in Western North Carolina and can execute with

NEATNESS AND DISPATCH.

and at prices to suit the times, any kind of a JOB from the largest

POSTER,

CIRCULARS,
HANDBILLS,
PROGRAMMES,

to the smallest size

BUSINESS CARD,

Visiting Cards,
Wedding Cards,

We have received from Baltimore a lot of

FINE PAPER

FOR

Letter Heads,
Bill Heads,
Clerks Blanks,
Sheriffs Blanks,
Constables Blanks, &c

also a large assortment of

CARDS

or business men.

Merchants and others needing anything of the kind should give us a call as we are sure that with our Office of over

FIFTY VARIETIES

OF

PLAIN & FANCY

TYPE

we can suit their varied tastes

BLANKS! BLANKS!

We shall keep on hand or will print to order any and every kind of

LEGAL BLANKS,

and shall be pleased to receive orders from the adjoining Counties for any Blanks needed.

CARPENTER & LOGAN.

PROSPECTUS.

Early in the Coming Year

WE WILL PUBLISH

CANTWELL'S CODE

A COMPLETE KEY

TO THE

CODE OF PROCEDURE

IN

NORTH CAROLINA,

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